Rubrics for Assessing Information Competence in the California State University

ACRL Standard	Beginning	Proficient	Advanced
1. Determine the	Student is unable to effectively formulate a	Student can formulate a question that is	Question is focused, clear, and complete. Key
Extent of the	research question based on an information	focused and clear. Student identifies	concepts and terms are identified. Extensive
Information	need.	concepts related to the topic, and can find	information sources are identified in numerous
Needed		a sufficient number of information	potential formats.
		resources to meet the information need.	
2. Access the	Student is unfocused and unclear about search	Student executes an appropriate search	Student is aware and able to analyze search
Needed	strategy.	strategy within a reasonable amount of	results, and evaluate the appropriateness of the
Information	Time is not used effectively and efficiently.	time. Student can solve problems by	variety of (or) multiple relevant sources of
Effectively and	Information gathered lacks relevance, quality,	finding a variety of relevant information	information that directly fulfill an information
Efficiently	and balance.	resources, and can evaluate search	need for the particular discipline,
		effectiveness.	
3. Evaluate	Student is unaware of criteria that might be	Student examines information using	Multiple and diverse sources and viewpoints of
Information and	used to judge information quality. Little effort	criteria such as authority, credibility,	information are compared and evaluated
its Sources	is made to examine the information located	relevance, timeliness, and accuracy, and	according to specific criteria appropriate for
Critically		is able to make judgments about	the discipline. Student is able to match criteria
		what to keep and what to discard.	to a specific information need, and can
			articulate how identified sources relate to the
			context of the discipline.
4. Use	Student is not	Student uses appropriate information to	Student is aware of the breadth and depth of
Information	aware of the information necessary to research	solve a problem, answer a question, write	research on a topic, and is able to reflect on
Effectively to	a topic, and the types of data that would be	a paper, or other purposes	search strategy, synthesize and integrate
Accomplish a	useful in formulating a convincing argument.		information from a variety of sources, draw
Specific Purpose	Information is incomplete and does not support		appropriate conclusions, and is able to clearly
	the intended purpose.		communicate ideas to others
5. Understand the	Student is unclear regarding proper citation	Student gives credit for works used by	Student understands and recognizes the concept
Economic, Legal, and Social Issues	format, and/or copies and paraphrases the	quoting and listing references. Student is	of intellectual property, can defend him/herself
	information and ideas of others without giving	an ethical consumer and producer of	if challenged, and
surrounding the Use of	credit to authors. Student does not know how	information, and understands how free access to information, and free	can properly incorporate the ideas/published
Information, and	to distinguish between information that is objective and biased, and does not know the	expression, contribute to a democratic	works of others into their own work building upon them. Student can articulate the value of
Access and Use	role that free access to information plays in a	society.	information to a free and democratic society,
Information	democratic society.	Society.	and can use specific criteria to discern
Ethically and	democratic society.		objectivity/fact from bias/propaganda.
Legally			objectivity/fact from blas/propaganda.
Leguny			

^{*}Prepared by the CSU Information Competence Initiative, October 2002, based on the 2000 ACRL *Information Literacy Competency Standards For Higher Education*. For more information, see http://www.calstate.edu/LS/1_rubric.doc.